

Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

The Charter was first created in 1982, with the *Constitution Act*, and cannot be changed without the agreement of the provinces and the federal government.

The rights and freedoms guaranteed by the Charter include:

• Democratic rights

- the right to vote for the members of the House of Commons and the provincial legislative assembly
- the right to vote for a new government at least every five years

Fundamental freedoms

- the freedom to choose your own religion
- the freedom to **think** what you want
- the freedom to **share** your thoughts
- the freedom to organize **peaceful** meetings and demonstrations
- the freedom to associate with any person or group

• Mobility rights

- the right to enter, stay in or leave Canada
- the right to move to and earn a living in any province

Legal rights

 the right to a fair and quick public trial by an impartial court that assumes you are innocent until proven guilty

Equality rights

 the right to expect no discrimination or unfair treatment because of race, national or ethnic origin, religion, sex, age or mental or physical disability

Official language rights

 the right to speak and be understood in either official language (i.e., English and French) in Parliament, federal courts and the New Brunswick legislature and courts

Minority language education rights in certain circumstances

 the right to have all of their children schooled in the same language as their first child.